

## 03 Food safety and nutrition procedures

### 03.01 Food preparation, storage and purchase

#### General

- The Manager has an up to date certificated training on food safety, which has been taught to all staff.
- The Manager is responsible for ensuring that the requirements in Safer Food Better Business are implemented.
- All staff responsible for preparing food have undertaken the Food Allergy Online Training CPD module available at <http://allergytraining.food.gov.uk/>.
- The Manager is responsible for overseeing the work of all food handlers to ensure hygiene and allergy procedures are complied with.
- The Manager has responsibility for conducting risk assessment based on the 'Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point' method set out in Safer Food Better Business.
- Staff carry out and record daily opening/closing checks, fortnightly reviews and dated records of deep cleaning.
- The Office Manager maintains a Food Allergy and Dietary Needs list with:
  - a list of all children with known food allergies or dietary needs (the personal/medical details about the allergy or dietary needs remain in the child's file along with a copy of the risk assessment). This is clearly displayed for all staff and the risk assessment shared with all staff.
  - a copy of the FSA booklet 'Allergen information for loose foods' available at [www.food.gov.uk/sites/default/files/media/document/loosefoodsleaflet.pdf](http://www.food.gov.uk/sites/default/files/media/document/loosefoodsleaflet.pdf) and a copy is in the Snack Preparation Guide.
  - a copy of the Food Allergy Online Training CPD certificate for each member of staff that has undertaken the training
- The Manager is responsible for informing the Committee Chairperson who then reports to Ofsted any food poisoning affecting two or more children looked after on the premises. Notification must be made as soon as possible and within 14 days of the incident.

#### Purchasing and storing food

- Food is purchased from reputable suppliers.
- Pre-packed food (any food or ingredient that is made by one business and sold by another such as a retailer or caterer) is checked for allergen ingredients and this information is communicated to parents alongside menu information when requested.

- If food that is not pre-packed (described as 'loose food'), such as sandwiches bought from a bakery is served, then allergen information will have been provided by the retailer, this information is shared in the same way.
- Parents are requested not to bring food that contains nuts. Staff check packets to make sure they do not contain nuts or nut products.
- Bulk buy is avoided where food may go out of date before use.
- All opened dried food stuffs are stored in airtight containers.
- Dried packaged food is not decanted from packaging into large bins or containers as this prevents monitoring of sell by/use by dates and allergen information.
- Food is regularly checked for sell by/use by dates and any expired items are discarded.
- Bottles and jars are cleaned before returning to the cupboards.
- 'Squeezy' plastic bottles are not used for sauces.
- Items are not stored on the floor; floors are kept clear so they can be easily swept.
- Perishable foods such as dairy produce, meat and fish are to be used the next/same day. Soft fruit and easily perishable vegetables are kept in the fridge at 1- 5 Celsius.
- Packaged frozen food are used by use by dates.
- Food left over is discarded.
- Freezer containers are labelled, dated and used within 1-3 months.
- Fridge and freezer thermometers are in place. Recommended temperatures for fridge 37 degrees Fahrenheit (3 degrees Celsius), and freezers 0 degrees Fahrenheit (-18 degrees Celsius). Temperatures are checked daily to ensure correct temperatures are being maintained.
- Freezers are defrosted every term or according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Meat/fish is stored on lower shelves and in drip-free dishes.
- Fruit and vegetables stored in the fridge are washed thoroughly before refrigeration to reduce risk of pests and E.coli contamination.
- Staff's own food or drink is kept in separate designated area of the fridge.
- Items in fridges are regularly checked to ensure they are not past use by dates.

### **Preparation of food**

- Food handlers check the content of food/packets to ensure they do not contain allergens.
- Food handlers wash hands, cover any cuts or abrasions and wear gloves before handling food.
- Separate boards and knives are used for chopping food and are colour coded.
- Raw and cooked foods are prepared separately.

- Meat and fish are washed and patted dry with paper towels. This does not include chicken which must not be washed because of the risk of campylobacter.
- All vegetables and fruit are washed before preparing.
- Food left out is covered, for example when cooling down.
- Frozen meat, fish and prepared foods are thawed properly before cooking.
- Meat and fish are cooked thoroughly; a food probe is to be used to check temperature of roasted meat or baked meat products.
- Where a microwave is used, food is cooked according to manufacturer's instructions. Generally, it is not used to heat children's food and never used to heat feeding bottles.
- Microwaved food is left to stand for a few minutes before serving.
- A food probe is used to check temperature of food, including where heated in a microwave; it is checked in a number of places to avoid 'hot spots'.
- Food is cooked in time for serving and is not prepared in advance of serving times.
- Potatoes and vegetables are peeled when needed, not in advance and left in water.
- Food prepared and cooked for different religious dietary needs and preferences, such as Halal or Kosher meat is cooked served separately.
- Food cooked for vegetarians does not come into contact with meat or fish or products.
- Food cooked and prepared for children with specific dietary needs is cooked and served separately.
- A separate toaster is kept and used for children with a wheat or gluten allergy.
- Food prepared for children with dietary needs and preferences is clearly labelled and every effort is made to prevent cross-contamination.
- Raw eggs are not to be given in any form, such as mousse or mayonnaise.
- When given to children, eggs are fully cooked.

### **Serving Food**

- Staff risk assess the likelihood of children with dietary restrictions accessing the food of other children and take appropriate action to prevent this from happening
- Children with allergies/food preferences have this information printed onto their lunch time place mat so as not to make them feel 'singled out' by the methods used to manage their allergy/food preference.
- Food served to children with identified allergies is checked by the key person to ensure that the meal (and its ingredients) does not contain any of the allergens for that child.
- The child's key person or back up key person remains present throughout the child's mealtime.
- Tables are cleaned before and after, snack and lunch.
- Members of staff serving food wash their hands and cover any cuts with a blue plaster.

## **E.coli prevention**

Staff who are preparing and handling food, especially food that is not pre-prepared for consumption e.g. fruit and vegetables grown on the premises, must be aware of the potential spread of E.coli and must clean and store food in accordance with the E.coli 0157 guidance, available at:

<https://www.food.gov.uk/safety-hygiene/e-coli>

## **Further guidance**

Eat Better, Start Better (Action for Children 2017) <https://foundationyears.org.uk/eat-better-start-better/>

Example Menus for Early Years Settings in England (PHE 2017)

[www.gov.uk/government/publications/example-menus-for-early-years-settings-in-england](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/example-menus-for-early-years-settings-in-england)

Safe Food Better Business [www.food.gov.uk/business-guidance/safer-food-better-business-sfbb](http://www.food.gov.uk/business-guidance/safer-food-better-business-sfbb)

Allergen information for loose foods (Food Standards Agency 2017) <https://www.food.gov.uk/business-guidance/allergen-information-for-pre-packed-and-loose-foods>

Campylobacter (Food Standards Agency) <https://www.food.gov.uk/safety-hygiene/campylobacter>